

Karenni National Progressive Party

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Armed wing: Karenni Army
Government name: KNPP



[UNFC member](#)



[NCCT member](#)



SUMMARY

Founded: 1957
Headquarters: Nyar Mu, Shardaw Township, Kayah state (also known as Karenni)
Operational Area: Mawchi, Phasaung Loikaw, Shar Daw, Hoyar (Pharu So township), Daw Tamagyi (Dee Maw So township)
Estimated strength: 600+

KNPP's armed wing the Karenni army has fought the Myanmar military for the self-determination of its p

Leadership:

Chairman: Abel Tweed
Vice- Chairman: Khu Oo Reh
Secretary 1: Aung San Myint
Secretary 2: Shwe Myo Thant

- Khu Hte Bu
- Khu Daniel
- Khu Plu Reh
- Brig. Gen. Aung Myat
- Khu Taw Reh
- Khu Shar Reh
- Maw Day Day Phaw
- Khu Nyay Reh

Ceasefire & Peace Process

Preliminary Peace Talks 10th resistance group to sign ceasefire with the new government

Stage 1: State level ceasefire 7 March 2012

Stage 2: Union level ceasefire 9 June 2012

Official delegation team:

Rotational

Military leaders:

Commander-in-Chief: Gen. Bee Htoo

Deputy Commander-in-Chief:

Maj. Gen. Aung Myat

Liaison offices:

1. Loikaw 25/07/2012

2. Shadaw 01/08/2012

3. Hpa-saung 27/07/2012

Alliances: UNFC, NCCT, SD,
and DPN member

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Meetings

#	Date	Location	Armed Group Rep
1	19/11/2011	Chiang Rai, Thailand	Gen. Bee Htoo, Khu Hte A
2	01/12/2011	Chiang Mai	Khu Oo Reh A
3	01/02/2012	Chiang Mai, Thailand	KNPP A
4	07/03/2012	Loikaw, Kayah	Khu Oo Reh A

KNPP participants: Commander-in-Chief Bee Htoo, Colonel Phone Naing; 7 Buddhist monks and 7 Christians

International mediators: U.S. attaché Andrew Webster, Second Secretary of the British Embassy Joe Fife

5	21/04/2012	Mae Hong Son, Thailand	Vice-chairman Abel Tweek A
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6 09/06/2012 Loikaw city, Kayah Khu Oo Reh

Unable to come to an agreement on military affairs KNPP participants: Commander-in-Chief Bee Htoo, (

Government participants: Aung Min (railway minister), U Than Htay (energy minister), U Khin Maung So

7 10/11/2012 Chiang Mai, Thailand Abel Twe

Informal discussions in preparation for upcoming meeting. KNPP participants: General Secretary Khu O

8 19-20/06/2013 Loi Kaw Khu Oo Reh

1. To hold all inclusive ethnic conference,
2. To discuss military affairs,
3. Agreed to form a Joint-monitoring Committee in principle,
4. All development project must be transparent,
5. Agree for Demining,
6. Resettlement for refugees,
7. To form technical team,
8. Local Govt and KNPP will cooperate for development in Kayah state

9 16/08/2013 MPC in Ygn KNPP secretary 2 Shwe

10 22-23/10/2013 Loi Kaw KNPP

1. to safeguard the Mae Sae border gate between thailand and myanmar,
2. to resettle the refugee
3. for demining
4. Govt to assist the food-shelter -clothings for the KNPP soldiers.
5. to provide the regionwide electricity in 2014.
6. Joint monitoring committee with 5 from KNPP and 5 from Govt.
7. Nationwide ceasefire

11 14/11/2013 Loikaw KNPP

KNPP 9 representatives meet with state minister and government. no outcome resulted.

Developments

Agreed points:

State level

- 1) Cease-fire
- 2) Open liaison offices
- 3) To officially form the representative teams leading up to Union-Level peace talks, coordinate date, time and place for meetings

Union Level:

1. To discuss the demarcation of controlled territories, define military camp locations and movement
2. To hold talks with all ethnic ceasefire groups, organisations and political parties
3. Formation of a local monitoring group made up of approved members representing both sides
4. Formation of observer group made up of approved members representing both sides
5. Agree to stop fighting in all areas of Kayah state
6. Cooperate with INGOs and NGOs on health, education and social development, communicate with the Kayah state government
7. Kayah state government will form an observer group to survey public opinion about construction of a govt military training school
8. Release all KNPP members and affiliates
9. KNPP will cooperate with the government's Human Rights Commission, both sides agree to form a locally based human rights monitoring group
10. Cooperate with State and Union government to eradicate drug production and implement drug rehabilitation
11. Both sides will discuss the systematic resettlement of IDPs; the government will assist in the resettlement of KNPP families providing support for business ventures

In March, 2012 the KNPP submitted a 20 point position paper for consideration from the Union government's. They agreed in principle to 14 of these points in May; the remaining contentious issues related to demarcation and separation of troops, and large scale development projects. A KNPP statement that said the political party would focus on improving living standards for its

constituents as opposed to business opportunities was well received.

Ongoing issues:

1. Salween Dam (Ywa Thit hydro-electric dam)
2. Withdrawal of government's forces from Kayah state
3. KNPP demands to transform a military training center into a social center
4. CBOs will form an observer group for careful monitoring of large development projects in the state

Ongoing clashes

June 27, 2012: Fighting broke out between government troops and the KNPP near Mawchi area, highlighting the need for both parties to focus on resolving military conflicts in upcoming peace talks.

<http://www.bnionline.net/index.php/news/kantarawaddy/13840-karenni-peace-talks-must-include-two-key-points-to-preserve-ceasefire.html>

Fourteen Myanmar army battalions are permanently based in Kayah State. In addition, there are 6 roving battalions from neighbouring Shan state, plus 1 special battalion that provides security for Ywa-thit dam. With the cessation of hostilities, government soldiers are frequenting villages near their bases much more. Security regulations previously required off-duty soldiers to remain in the barracks between 4 - 9 am, but many communities have reported soldiers are now staying in villages well into the night. This interaction might help build trust, but the increased troop presence is also increasing anxieties. (TBC 2012)

Statements

Aug 08, 2015 - [UNFC released a statement on bi-annual meeting of KNPP \(Bur\)](#)

Aug 08, 2015 - [UNFC released a statement on bi-annual meeting of KNPP \(Eng\)](#)

Mar 03, 2015 - [KNPP released a statement after holding the 12th party congress \(Eng\)](#)

Mar 03, 2015 - [KNPP released a statement after holding the 12th party congress \(Bur\)](#)

Jan 12, 2015 - [KNPP sent a letter against the heavy weapon shooting training near Dawtama Gyi village](#)

Oct 23, 2013 - [7 points agreement between KNPP and UPWC](#)

Aug 08, 2013 - [KNPP leader U Yee Mahn Htoo interview by KT times](#)

Mar 3, 2012 - [KNPP Statement-on Ceasefire Talks](#)

Jun 1, 2012 - KNPP [stated](#) that the “peace roadmap” put forward by Naypyidaw won’t be successful on its own. Only an alliance based on the policies of the United Nationalities Federal Council can ensure that the ceasefire will endure.

Jul 31, 2011 - KNPP [demanded](#) that the govt hold dialogue for national reconciliation, resolving the conflict and a ceasefire with all ethnic armed groups.

Partnerships

KNPP, KNLP, KNPLF (cooperation on health programs)

Leaders of 88-Generation Student Group and KNPP will cooperate to create a genuine Union’ in which all ethnic nationalities will have the power to create their own destinies. A 88-Generation delegation led by student leader Mya Aye met with a KNPP delegation at the KNPP liaison office in Loikaw, Kayah state to discuss the current political climate in Myanmar

(11/9/12). A six-point joint statement was issued that called for genuine peace talks and urged the government to stop all fighting in Kachin state as soon as possible. The two groups will cooperate with all the groups that support democracy.

Derek Mitchell, US ambassador to Myanmar, and Jerry White, deputy assistant secretary for Partnerships and Bureau of Conflict and Stabilization Operations met with a KNPP delegation in Loikaw to discuss the development of the peace process between the government and KNPP. The ambassador said the US will provide humanitarian assistance. They also discussed removing landmines in the state. (26/10/2012)

Business concessions:

Since September, 2012 KNPP started the Kayah Htarnay (Kayah Land) company (lead exploration) and Tamaw Htar (import/export of teak wood).